

J Soc Sci, 52(1-3): 111-122 (2017) DOI:10.31901/24566756.2017/52.1-3.13

Discipline (or Punishment) in Post-apartheid South African Schools: A Historical-analytical Reflection

Thokozani Mathebula¹ and Amasa P. Ndofirepi²

¹Wits University School of Education, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa ²Faculty of Education, University of Johannesburg, South Africa, and Mzala Nxumalo Centre for the Study of South African Society, Pietermaritzburg, South Africa

KEYWORDS Discipline. Self-government. Democracy. Autonomy. South African Schools

ABSTRACT In the history of the South African schooling system authorities have used two contrasting ways of maintaining order, stability and normality in schools. These are, discipline employed to enforce general rules governing learners' conduct and punishment that involved the intentional infliction of physical pain. In this paper the researchers proffer a historic-analytic of these concepts to show that they are not only distinct, but indeed opposite, if not incompatible educational methods. Drawing from the colonial-apartheid prefect system tradition, the paper maintains that prefectship used punishment as a form of discipline. And yet, global policies attest that punishment whose central features are authority, and inflicting pain on an offender is incompatible with a humane democratic society. To conclude, the researchers defend a notion of learner self-discipline that treats learners as self-legislating agents able to contribute to democratic governance in post-apartheid South African schools.